

## NeuN

Cat.No. 266 008; Recombinant rabbit antibody, 50 µg recombinant IgG (lyophilized)

### Data Sheet

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Reconstitution/<br>Storage | 50 µg purified recombinant IgG, lyophilized. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For <b>reconstitution</b> add 50 µl H <sub>2</sub> O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.                            |
| Applications               | <b>WB:</b> not tested yet<br><b>IP:</b> not tested yet<br><b>ICC:</b> 1 : 500<br><b>IHC:</b> 1 : 500<br><b>IHC-P:</b> 1 : 1000 up to 1 : 5000 (see remarks)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Clone                      | Rb350D3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Subtype                    | IgG1 (κ light chain)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Immunogen                  | Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 97 from mouse NeuN (UniProt Id: Q8BIF2)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Epitop                     | AA 5 to 15 from mouse NeuN (UniProt Id: Q8BIF2)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Reactivity                 | Reacts with: rat (D4A2H6), mouse (Q8BIF2).<br>No signal: human (A6NFN3).<br>Other species not tested yet.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Remarks                    | This antibody is a chimeric antibody based on the monoclonal mouse antibody clone 350D3. The constant regions of the heavy and light chains have been replaced by rabbit specific sequences. Therefore, the antibody can be used with standard anti-rabbit secondary reagents. The antibody has been expressed in mammalian cells.<br><b>IHC-P:</b> For best results apply mild antigen retrieval. |

**TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY**  
**NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS**

## Background

**NeuN (Neuronal Nuclei)** is a neuron-specific nuclear protein that has been identified as Fox-3/Rbfox3, a member of the Fox-1 family of transcription factors.

NeuN is only expressed in the nuclei of differentiated neurons. In some neurons - Purkinje cells, sympathetic ganglion cells, INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, inferior olivary, and dentate nucleus neurons - NeuN is not detectable.

## Selected References for 266 008

Prelimbic cortex ensembles promote appetitive learning-associated behavior.

Surets M, Caban-Murillo A, Ramirez S

Learning & memory (Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y.) (2024) 311-2: . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Influenza A Virus (H1N1) Infection Induces Microglial Activation and Temporal Dysbalance in Glutamatergic Synaptic Transmission.

Düsedau HP, Steffen J, Figueiredo CA, Boehme JD, Schultz K, Erck C, Korte M, Faber-Zuschratter H, Smalla KH, Dieterich D, Kröger A, et al.

mBio (2021) 125: e0177621. . **IHC-P; tested species: mouse**

Chemogenetic Control of Striatal Astrocytes Improves Parkinsonian Motor Deficits in Mice.

Evans WR, Baskar SS, Vellore A, Costa ARCE, Jacob C, Ravoori S, Arigbe A, Huda R

Glia (2025) . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

## Selected General References

Neurons identified by NeuN/Fox-3 immunoreactivity have a novel distribution in the hamster and mouse suprachiasmatic nucleus.

Morin LP et al. Brain Res. (2011) PubMed:21981805

NeuN/Fox-3 is an intrinsic component of the neuronal nuclear matrix.

Dent MA et al. FEBS Lett. (2010) PubMed:20452351

NeuN is not a reliable marker of dopamine neurons in rat substantia nigra.

Cannon JR et al. Neurosci. Lett. (2009) PubMed:19682546

Identification of neuronal nuclei (NeuN) as Fox-3, a new member of the Fox-1 gene family of splicing factors.

Kim KK et al. J. Biol. Chem. (2009) PubMed:19713214

NeuN, a neuronal specific nuclear protein in vertebrates.

Mullen RJ et al. Development (1992) PubMed:1483388

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <https://sysy.com/product/266008> or scan the QR-code.



## FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

### Shipping Conditions

- All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

### Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- **Unlabeled** and **biotin-labeled antibodies** and **control proteins** should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. **They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized!** Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- **Fluorescence-labeled antibodies** should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

### Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 µl) and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

### Product Specific Hints for Storage

#### Control proteins / peptides

- Store at -20°C to -80°C.

#### Monoclonal Antibodies

- **Ascites** and **hybridoma supernatant** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. **Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended!** Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

#### Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera:** With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- **Affinity purified antibodies:** Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

#### Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

## Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

## FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

### Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein. For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot at 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol to a final concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
- Please refer to our **tips and hints for subsequent storage** of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.